



Introduction to CROCO and Parallelisation

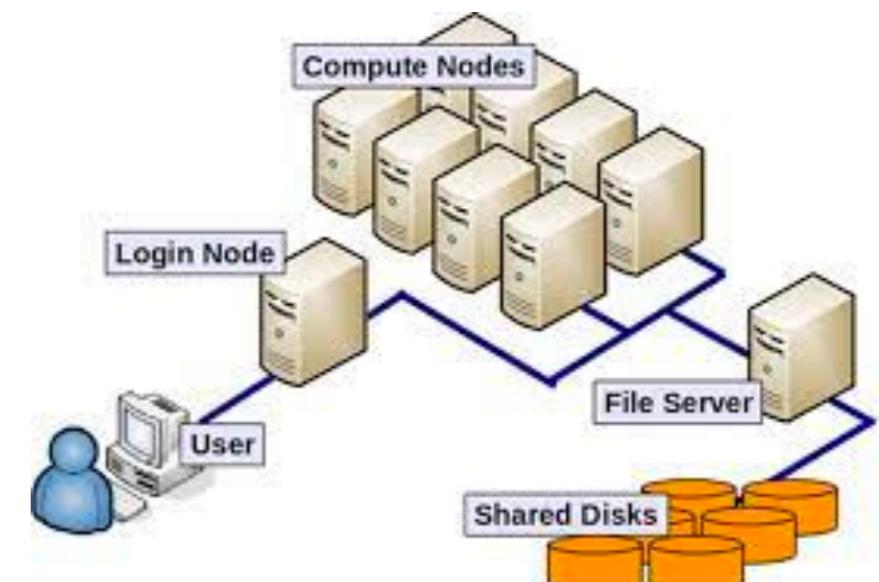
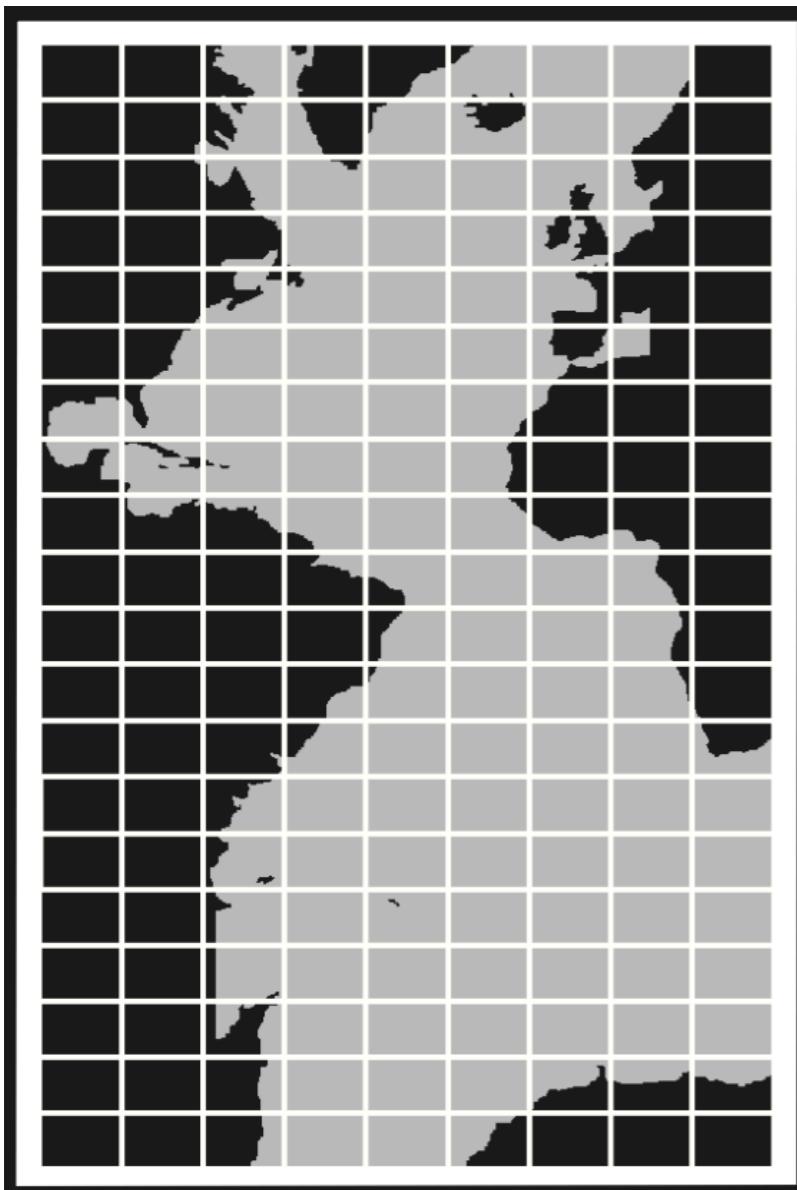
Rachid Benshila

Concept et techniques

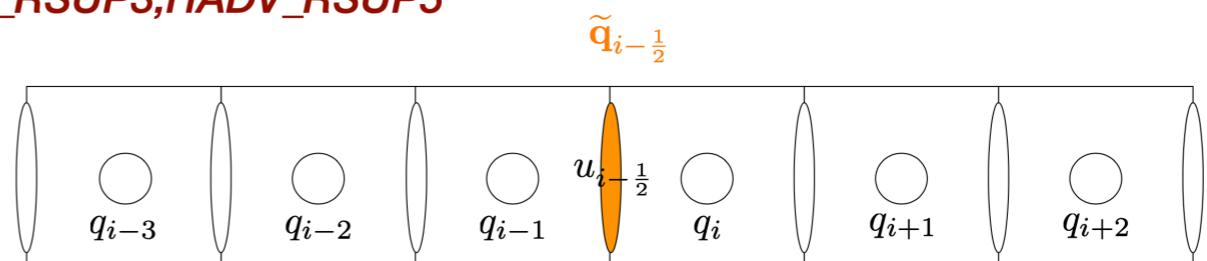
Utilisation dans CROCO

Aspects connexes

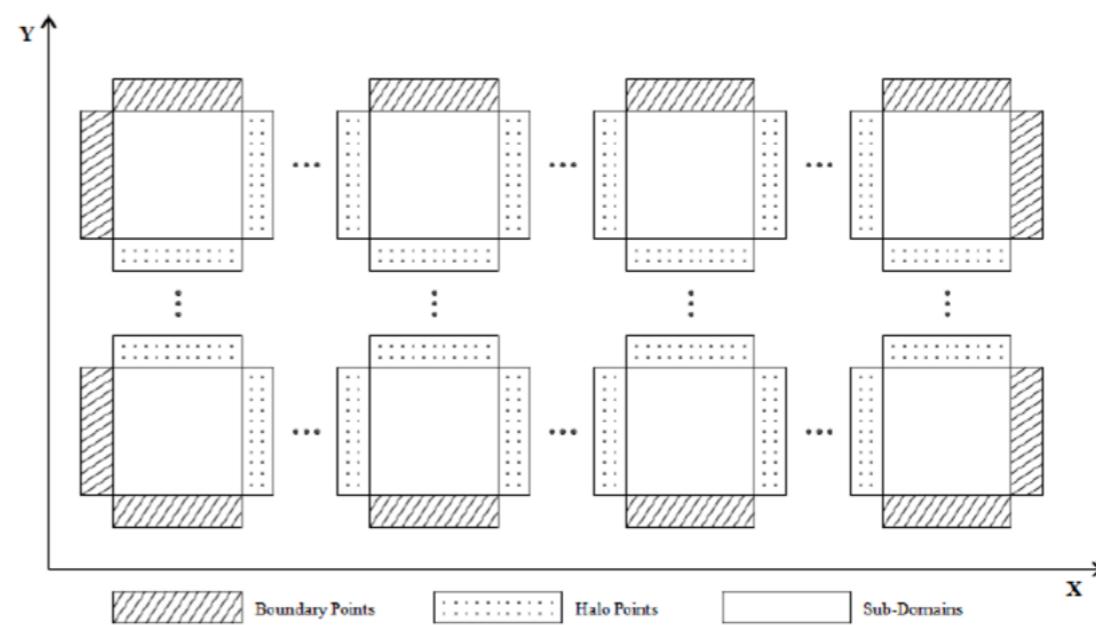
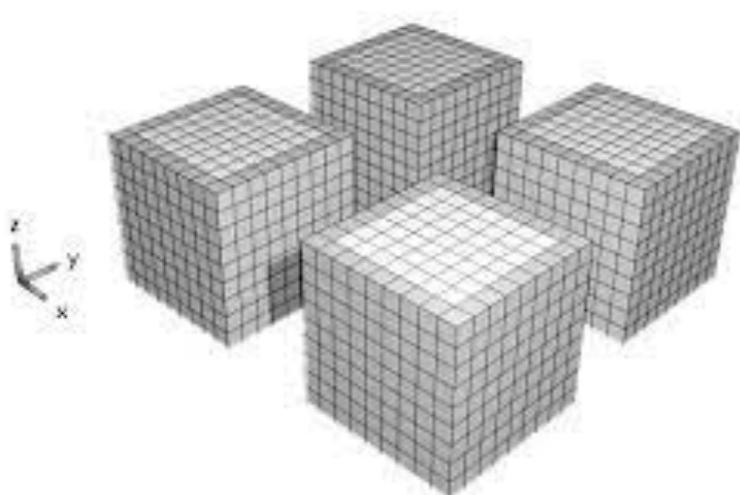
Parallelisation : décomposition de domaine



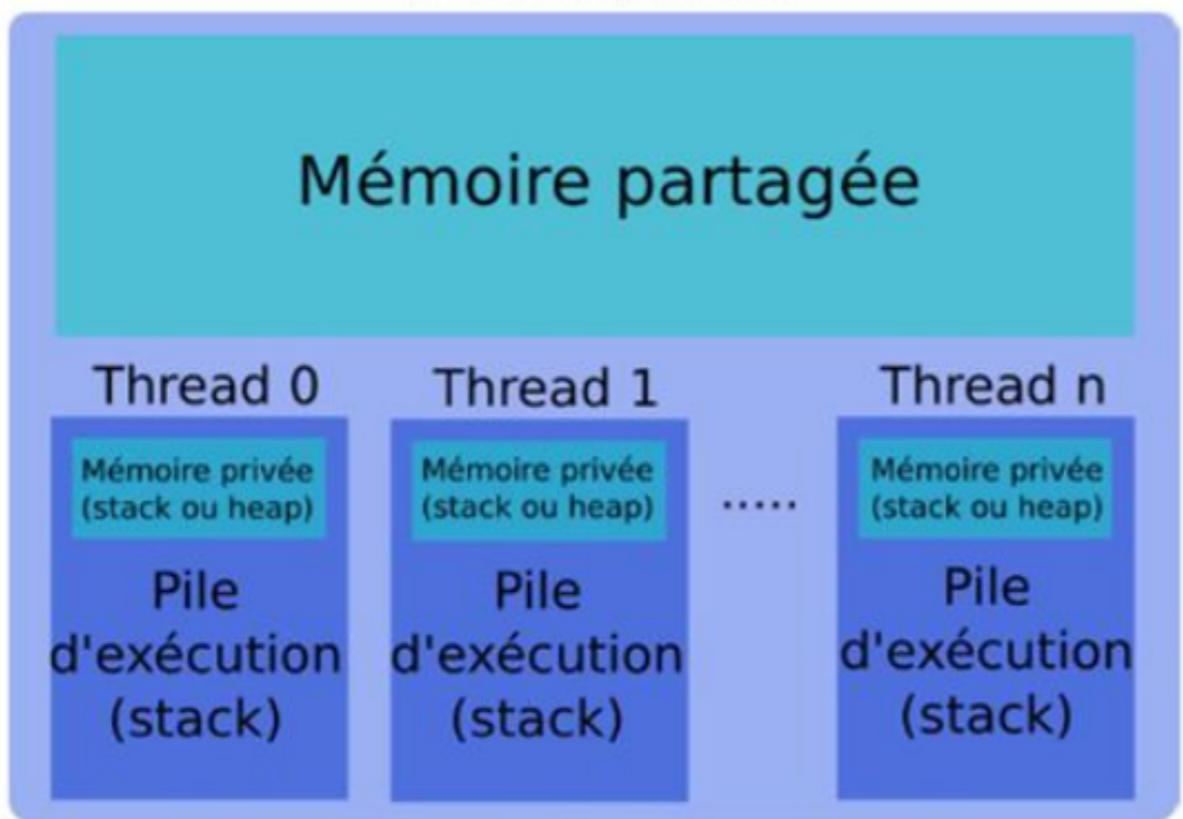
HADV_RSUP3,HADV_RSUP5



$$\partial_x(uq)|_{x=x_i} = \frac{1}{\Delta x_i} \left\{ u_{i+\frac{1}{2}} \tilde{q}_{i+\frac{1}{2}} - u_{i-\frac{1}{2}} \tilde{q}_{i-\frac{1}{2}} \right\}$$



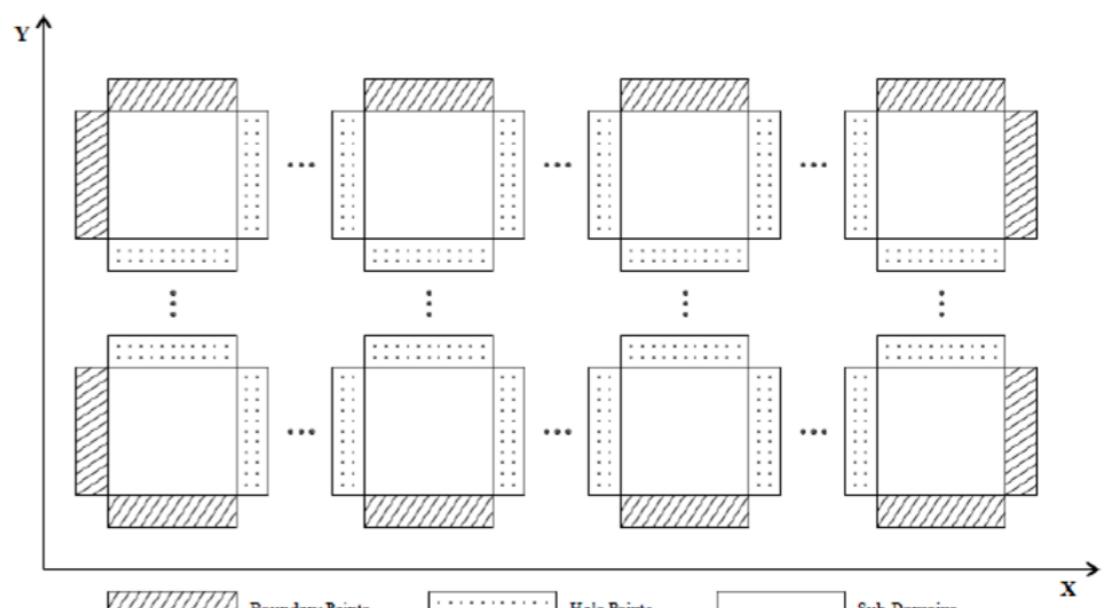
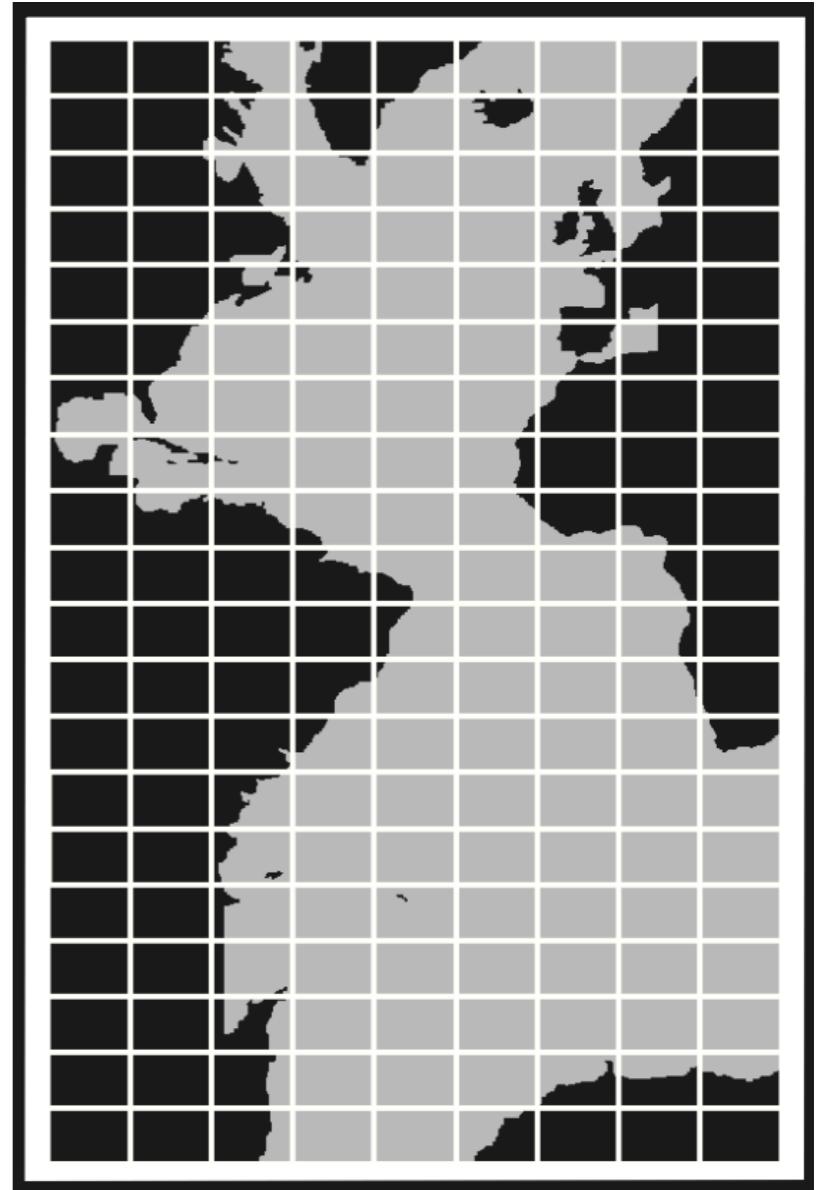
Approche 1 : mémoire partagée



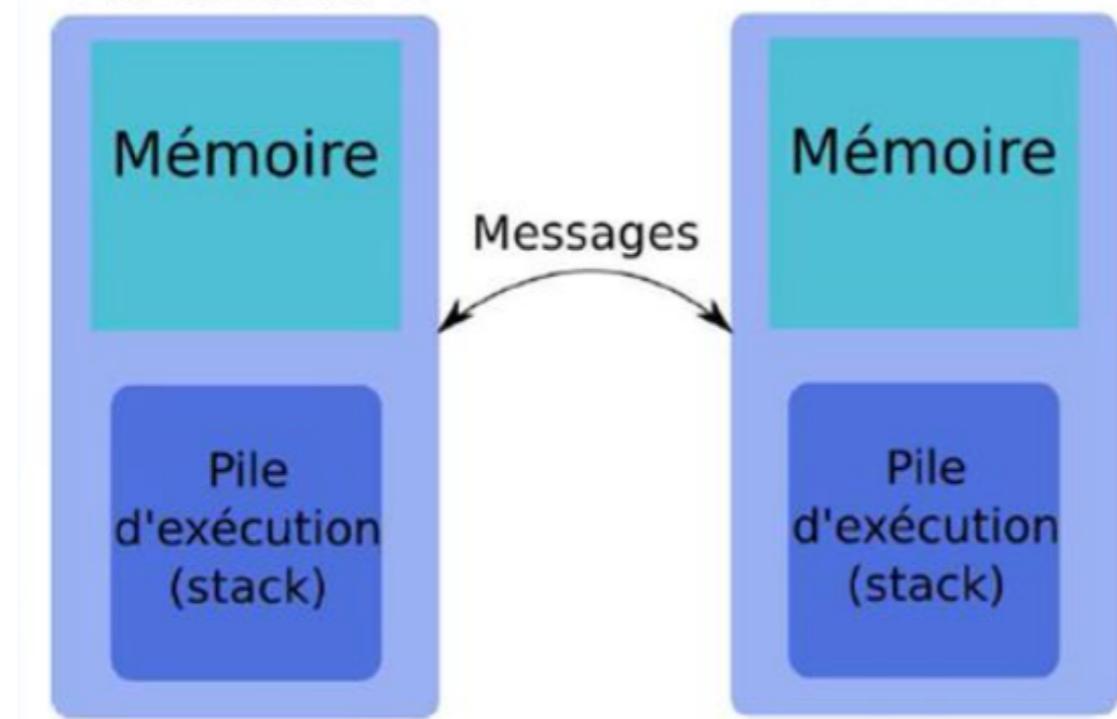
=> les coeurs de calcul ont accès
à une mémoire commune

=> échanges par copie mémoire

Standard OpenMP
(Open Multi-Processing)



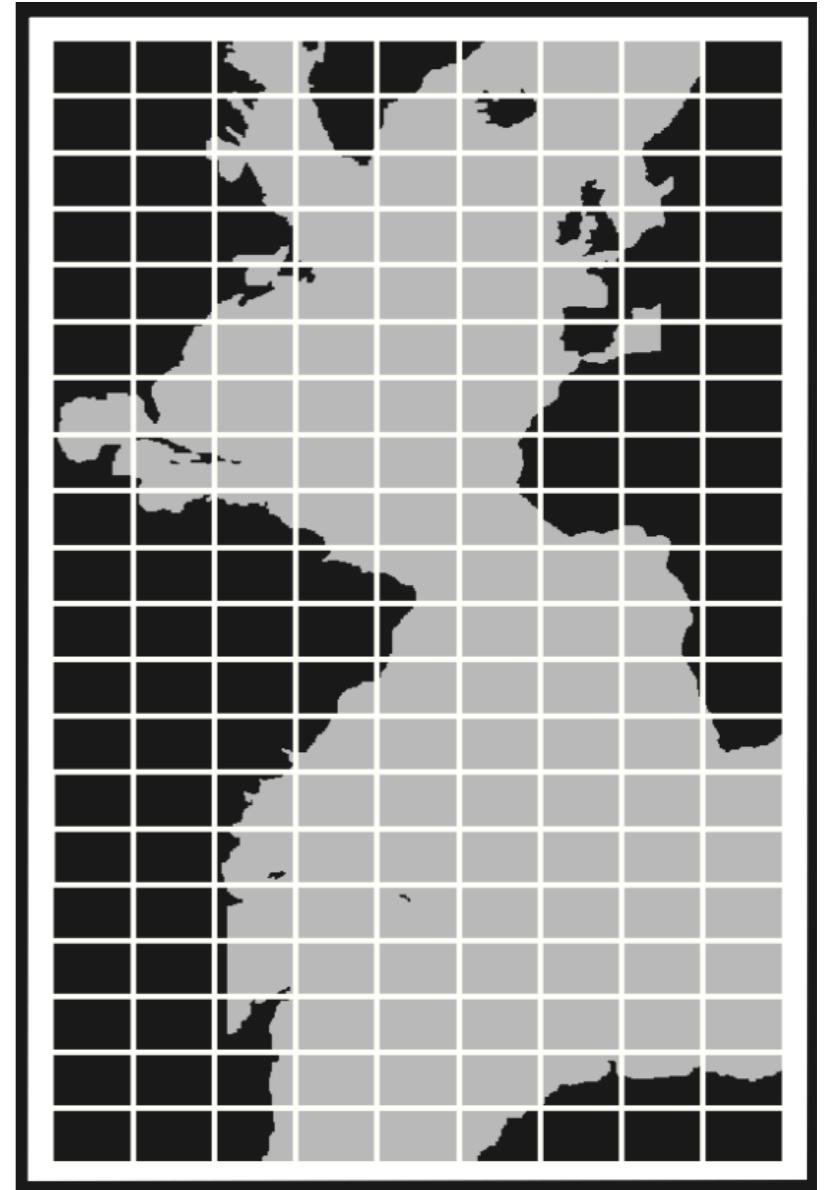
Approche 2 : mémoire distribuée



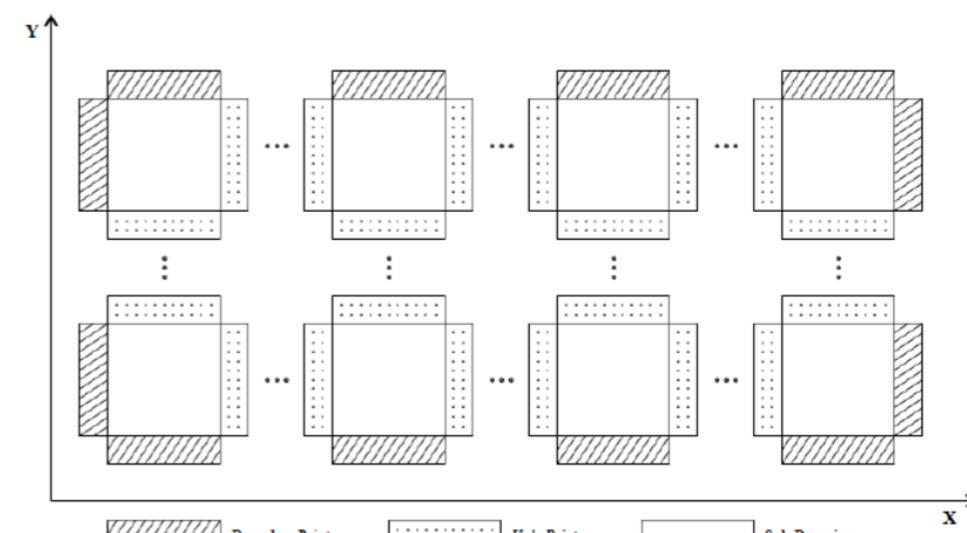
=> les coeurs de calcul n'ont pas accès
à une mémoire commune

=> échanges par message réseau

=> en pratique MPI gère aussi la mémoire partagée



Standard MPI
(Message Passing Interface)



Implementation dans CROCO : OPENMP

- étape 1 : 2 fichiers à éditer

- **param.h**
spécifier la décomposition
en x et y => NPP=4

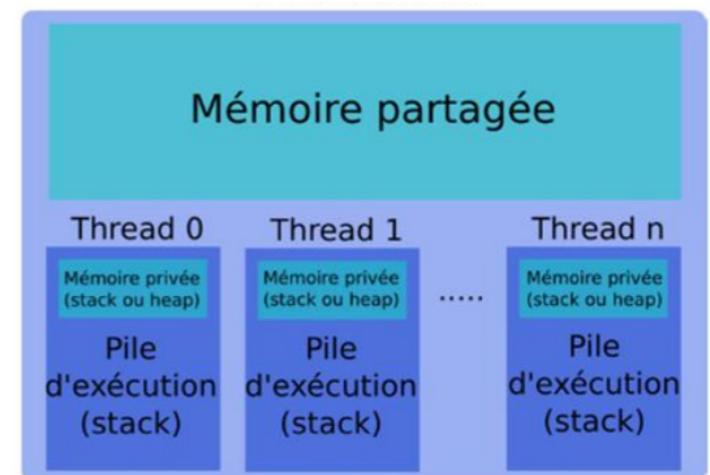
- **cppdefs.h** :
activer OpenMP => **#define OPENMP**

- étape 2 : compiler
./jobcomp

- étape 3 : exécuter
 - **export OMP_NUM_THREADS=4**
spécifie le nombre de cores à l'environnement
 - **./croco**

```
!
! Domain subdivision parameters
! ===== ===== =====
!
! NPP           Maximum allowed number of parallel threads;
! NSUB_X,NSUB_E Number of SHARED memory subdomains in XI- and
!                               ETA-directions;
!
! NNODES         Total number of MPI processes (nodes);
! NP_XI,NP_ETA  Number of MPI subdomains in XI- and ETA-directions;
!
    integer NSUB_X, NSUB_E, NPP
#ifndef MPI
    integer NP_XI, NP_ETA, NNODES
    parameter (NP_XI=1, NP_ETA=4, NNODES=NP_XI*NP_ETA)
    parameter (NPP=1)
    parameter (NSUB_X=1, NSUB_E=1)
#elseif defined OPENMP
    parameter (NPP=4) ←
#endif
#ifndef AUTOTILING
    common/distrib/NSUB_X, NSUB_E
#else
    parameter (NSUB_X=1, NSUB_E=NPP)
#endif
#else
    parameter (NPP=1)

```



Implementation dans CROCO : MPI

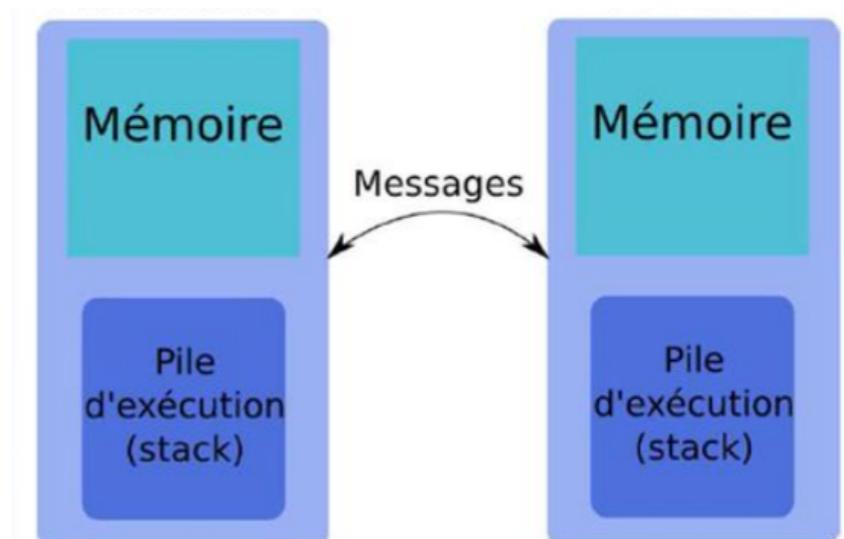
- étape 1 : fichiers à éditer
 - **param.h**
spécifier la décomposition en x et y => NP_XI, NP_ETA
 - **cppdefs.h** : activer MPI => **#define MPI**

```
!
! Domain subdivision parameters
! ===== ===== =====
!
! NPP           Maximum allowed number of parallel threads;
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#elif defined OPENMP
    parameter (NPP=4)
#endif
#ifdef AUTOTILING
    common/distrib/NSUB_X, NSUB_E
#endif
#else
    parameter (NSUB_X=1, NSUB_E=NPP)
#endif
#endif
parameter (NPP=1)
```



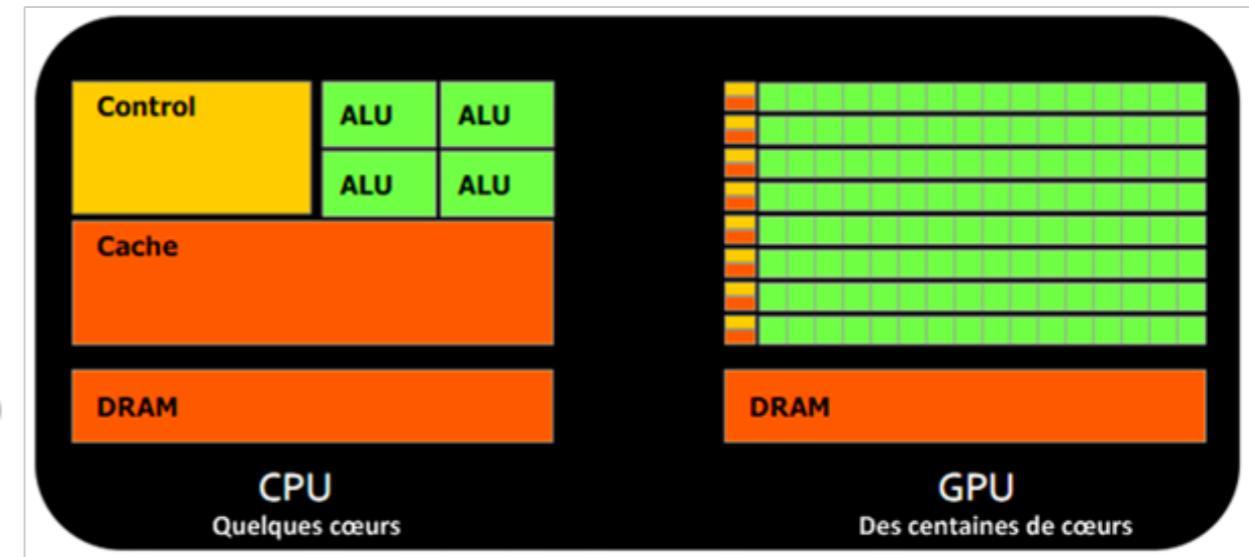
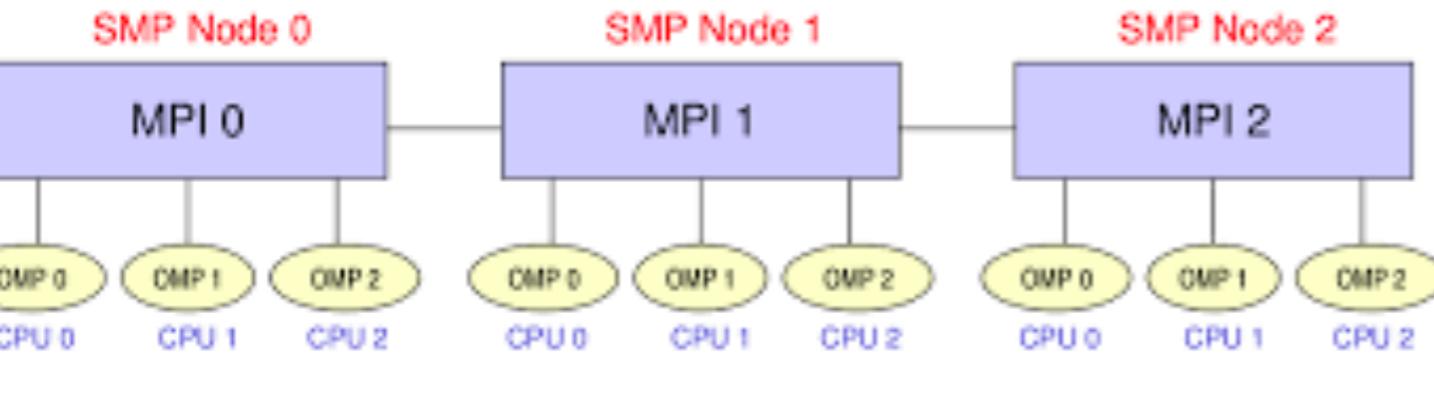
- étape 2 : compiler
./jobcomp

- étape 3 : exécuter
 - **mpirun -n 4 ./croco**
(ou mpiexec ou autre)



Résumé et perspectives

- 2 paradigmes disponibles MPI et OpenMP
- code à recompiler !!
- MPI à privilégier (plus utilisé)
- Direction ETA à privilégier



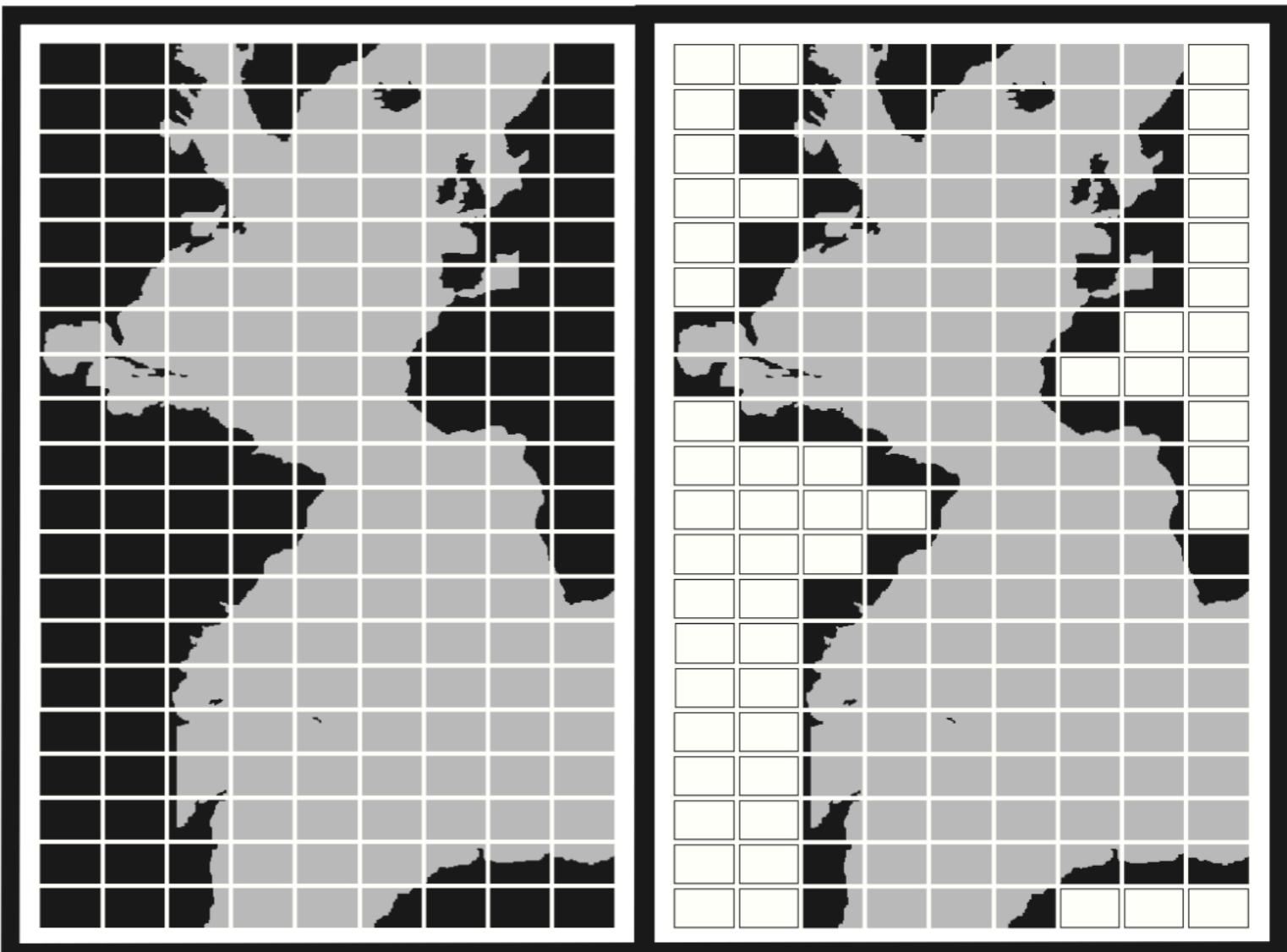
pas de version hybride MPI/OpenMP

version GPU en développement

Parallelisation : mais aussi

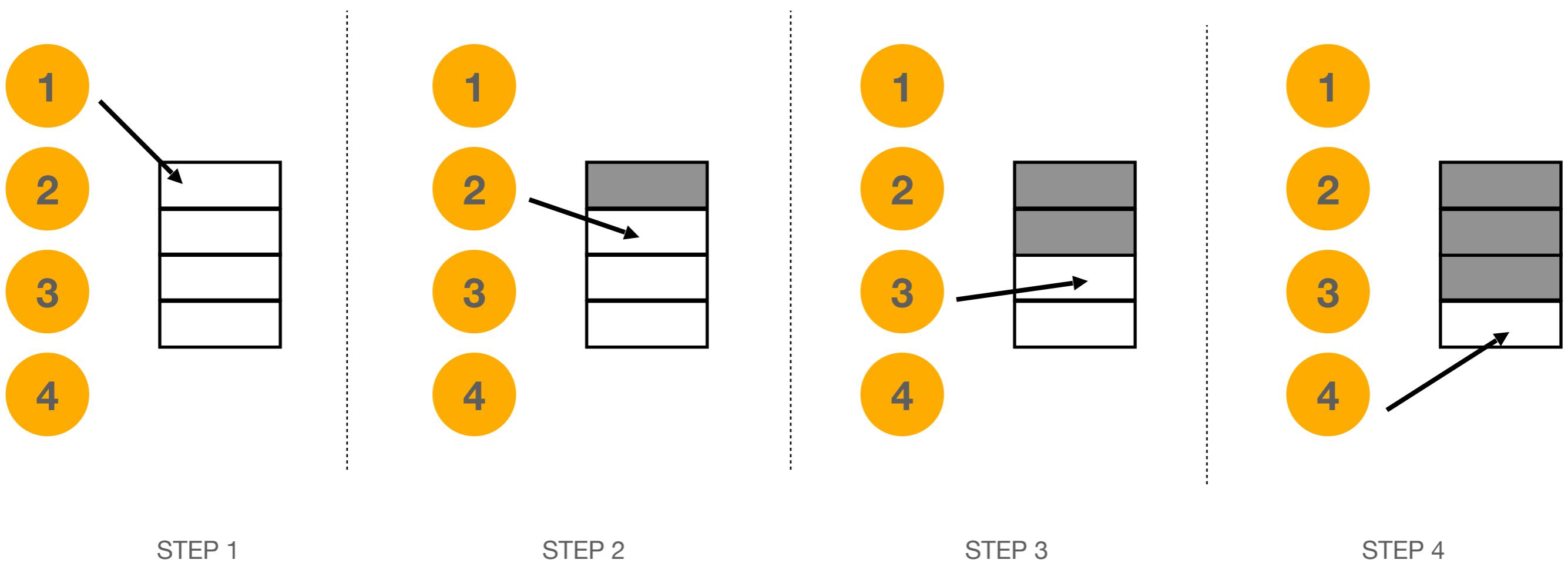
Quelques subtilités :

- le cas des fichiers de sortie (MPI)
- le cas des points terre



Ecriture de fichiers MPI 1/4 : par défaut

mpirun -np 4 ./croco. (NP_ETA=4)

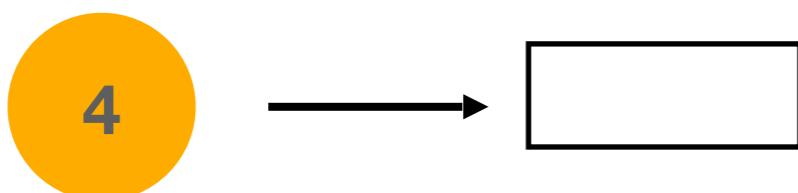
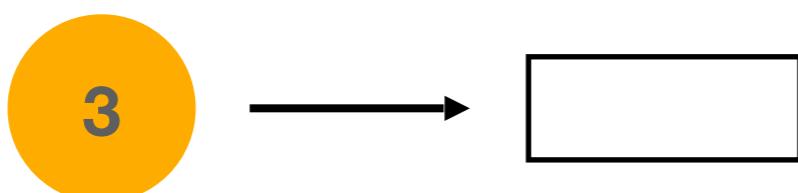
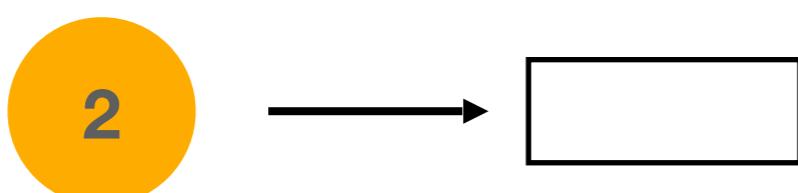
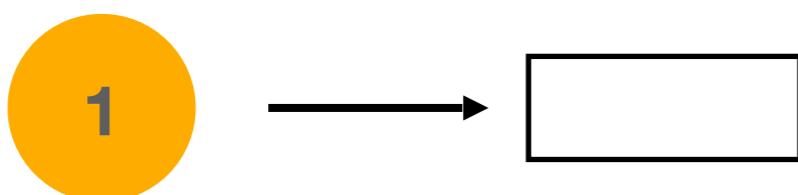


Très peu efficace !!!!!!

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 2/4: fichiers parallèles

#define PARALLEL_FILES

mpirun -np 4 ./croco. (NP_ETA=4)



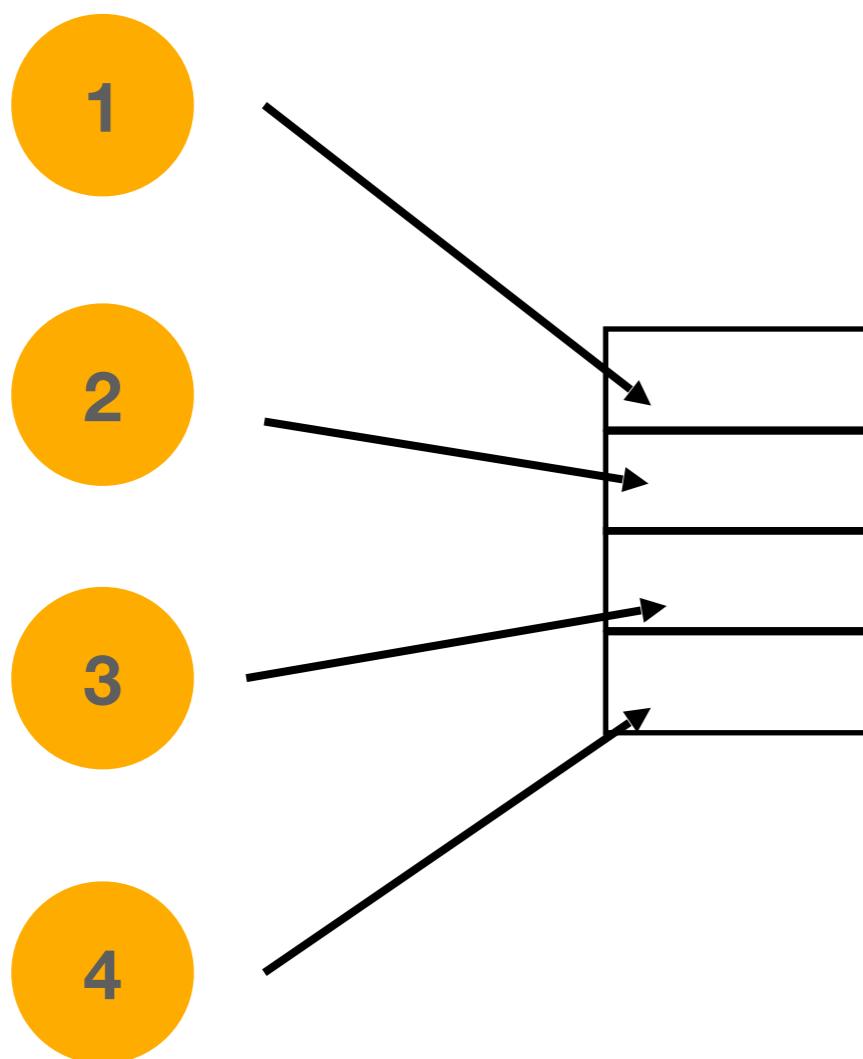
Rapide mais bcp de fichiers à l'arrivée.

Besoin de les recombiner
(cf utilitaire ncjoin)

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 3/4 : écriture parallèle

#define KEY NC4PAR

mpirun -np 4 ./croco. (NP_ETA=4)

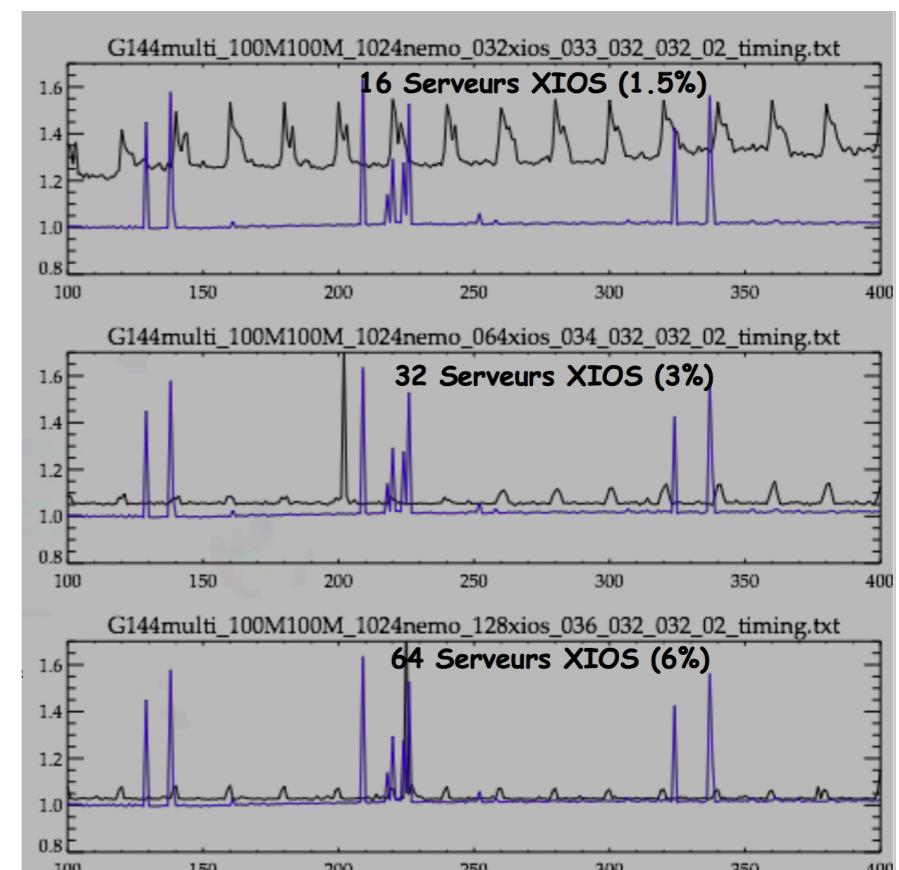
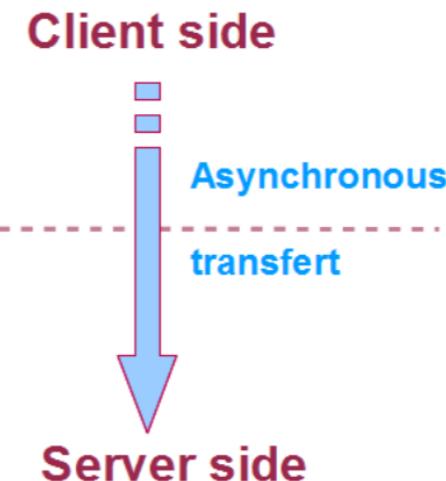
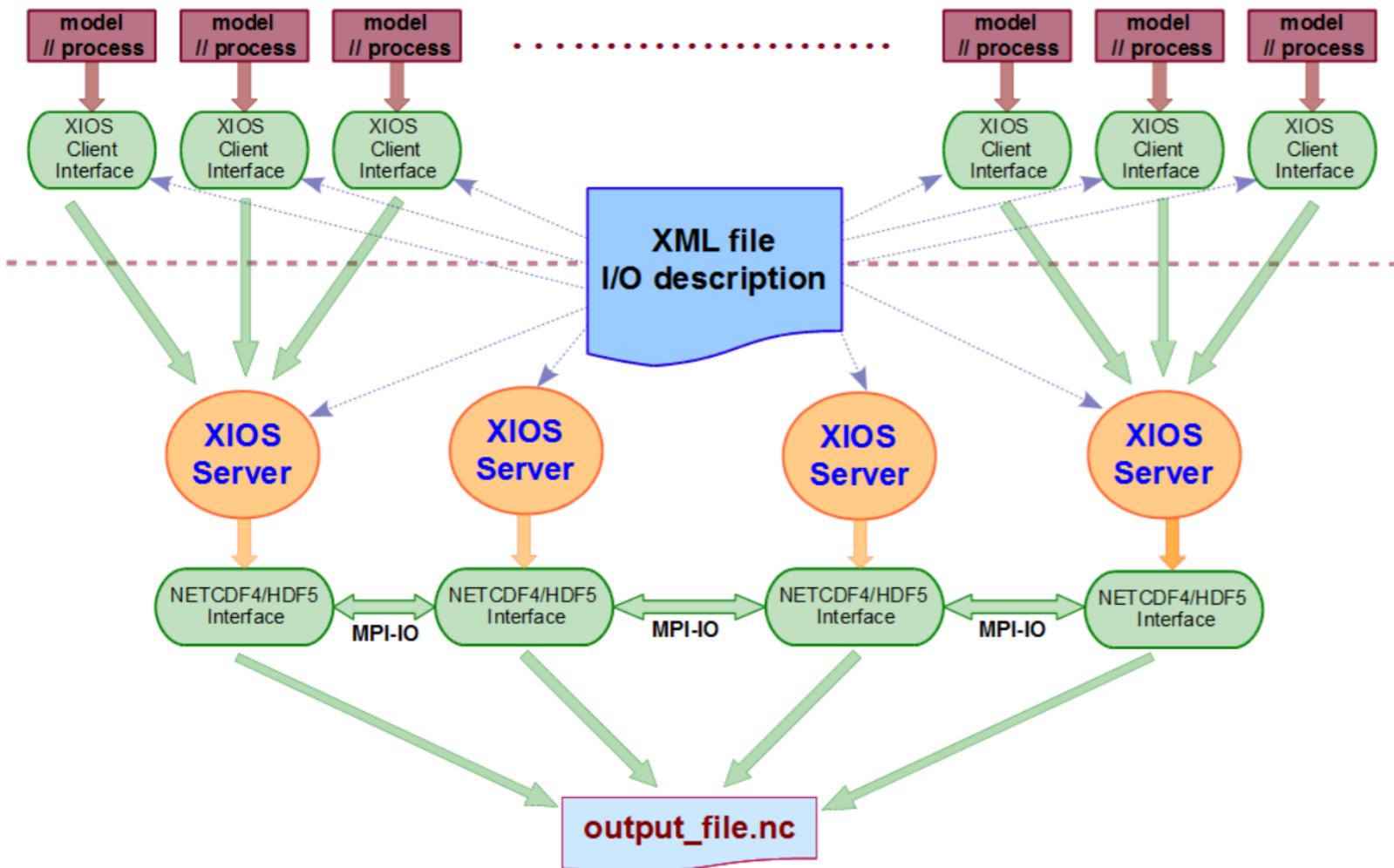


Rapide avec un unique fichier
à l'arrivée !!!

Nécessite la librarie NetCDF4
installée avec support parallèle

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS



Strategy for outputs

XIOS : external server developed at IPSL

<http://forge.ipsl.jussieu.fr/ioserver>

Exemple
(S. Masson, from NEMO ...)

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS general

- Originally, a library dedicated to Input/Output management of large climate coupled models (e.g. CMIP simulations for IPCC with NEMO and other code)
- Written and managed at (LSCE-IPSL) by Y. Meurdesoif et al.
- XIOS creates output NetCDF files
- Implemented in other codes (ROMS, MARS3D, CROCO) by non-xios-expert developers despite of a light existing documentation.
- All documentation at <http://forge.ipsl.jussieu.fr/ioserver> with tutorials, user guide
- Installation of XIOS could be not an easy task to do on a new machine, be sure it is already well installed with the right netcdf4 library !
- In the next croco version, XIOS version >=2

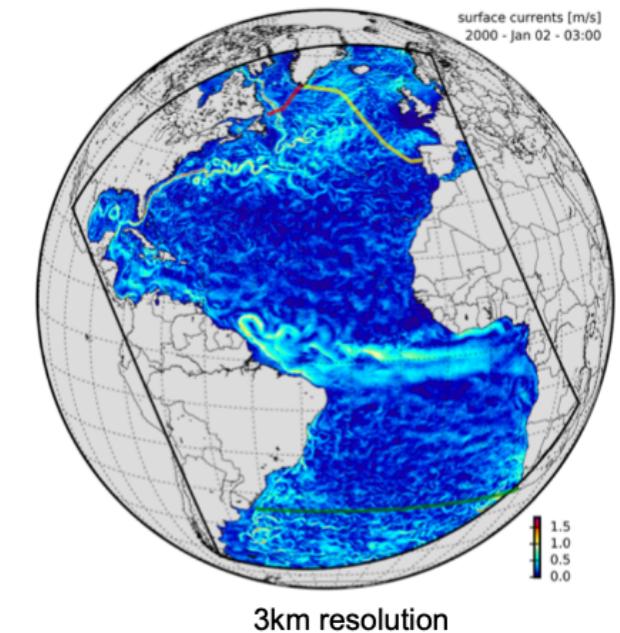
Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS why and when ?

- I/O becomes a bottleneck in parallel computing with using a large amount of processors
e.g. Atlantic model at **1km** resolution :
 $10000 \times 14000 \times 200$ grid points ; using up to ~50000 procs

=> Very difficult or impossible to manage such amount of output datas with classical netcdf library.

- Only an external configuration file is needed to configure the outputs (no need to compile each time)
 - create new files
 - create new variables from referenced variables
 - use time filter (instantaneous, average, cumulate, ...)



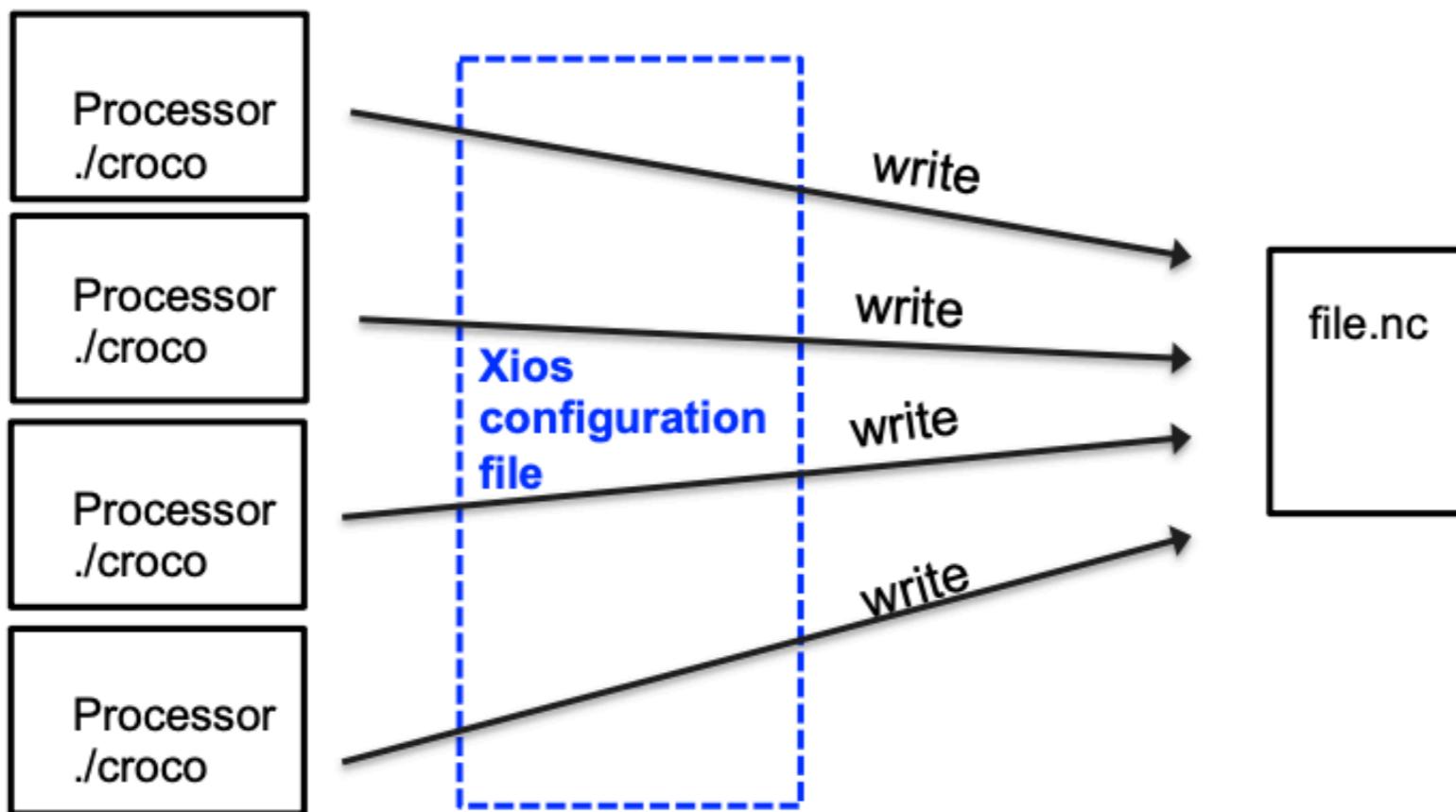
1. Efficiency in production of data on supercomputer parallel file system
2. Flexibility and “simplicity” in management of I/O and data definition

Remark : It is may be not so “ simple ” for beginners because you need to understand how to modify the configuration file written in xml

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS : attached mode

Using xios in **attached mode** :
each croco executable **compute** and **write** (like a classical library)

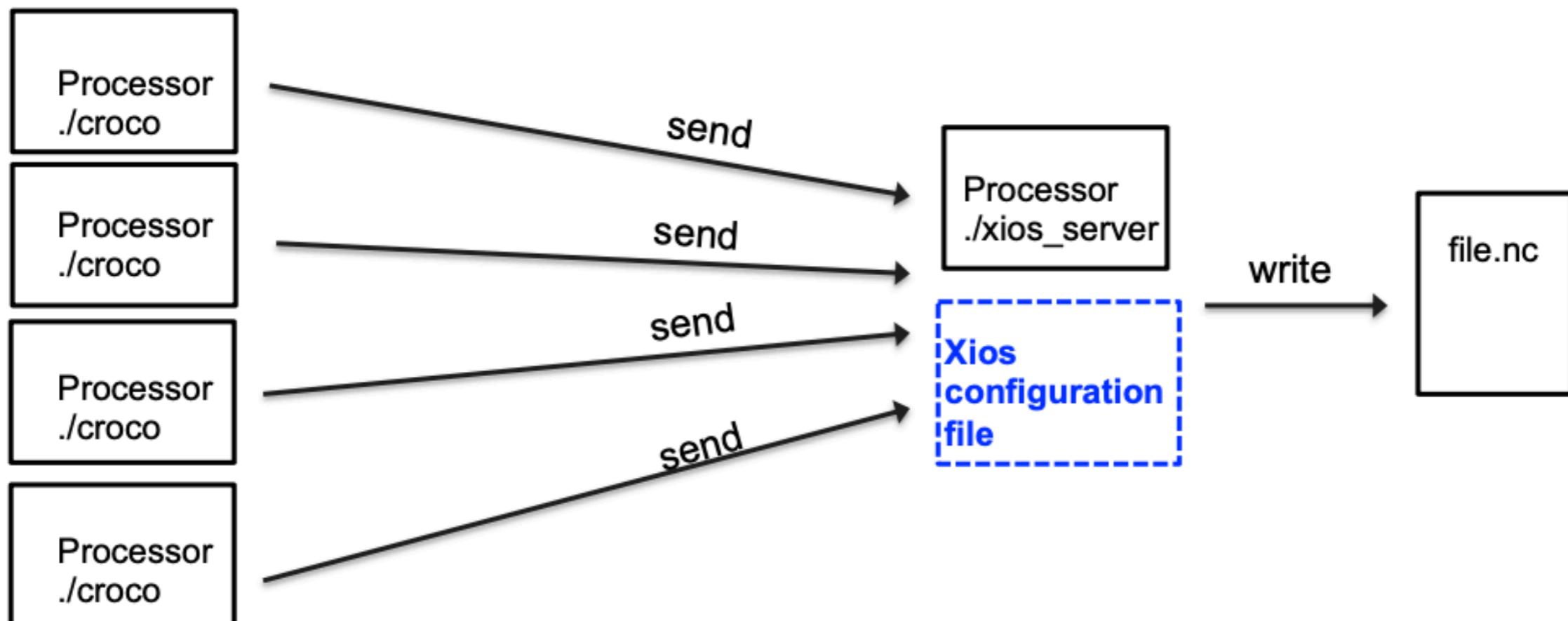


Ergonomy AND efficient parallel writing BUT writing overhead

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS : detached mode (server mode)

each croco executable compute and send field to the server



- croco executables for computing only
- only xios server writes output
- Flexibility AND efficient parallel writing AND (almost) no overhead

Ecriture de fichiers MPI 4/4 : XIOS

XIOS : in practice

- In cppdefs.h add CCP keys : #define XIOS
- Add the XIOS library path in jobcomp
- Compile once : ./jobcomp
- Edit/modify xios configuration file : iodef.xml
- To run :
 - in attached mode : as usual
 - in detached mode : like a coupled model ...
`mpirun -np 10 ./croco -np 2 ./xios.exe`

Le cas des points terre

1. Préprocessing

Dans croco/MPI_NOLAND :

- lire le README
- compiler: edit makefile + make
- editer la namelist :
 - nom du fichier grille
 - nombre de procs max
- exécuter : ./mpp_optimize
- visualiser :
./mpp_plot.py croco_grd.nc benguela-008x005_033
- re-lire le README ...

```
! namproc
! jprocx = maximum number of proc
! &NAMPROC
!   jprocx=220
!
! namfile of filename
! NAMLIST /namfile/ cbathy
! cbathy = name of the bathy/mask file(nc)
! covdta = Root for the overdata file name .
! Complete name will be {covdta}.{NP_XI}x{NP_ETA}_{NPP}
! &NAMFILE
!   cbathy='croco_grd.nc'
!   covdta = 'benguela'
!
```

```
(base) sdb-benshila:MPP_PREP rblod$ ./mpp_optimiz
Number of pts      :    1936
Number of sea pts :    1411

optimum choice
-----
--> Number of CPUs : NNODES =      33

NP_XI =          8  NP_ETA =      5
Lm =           6  Mm =       9

number of sea CPUs      33
number of land CPUs     7
average overhead  0.69463869463869454
minimum overhead  0.138461545
maximum overhead  1.00000000
nb of overhead p. < 10 %      0
nb of overhead p. 10 < nb < 30 %  3
nb de overhead p. 30 < nb < 50 %  5
number of integration points 4290
number of additional pts    2398
% sup                      2.26744175

(base) sdb-benshila:MPP_PREP rblod$
```

2. Avant de compiler CROCO

- cppdefs.h : #define MPI_NOLAND
- param.h : insérer les valeurs pour NP_XI, NP_ETA and NPP données par le preprocessing
(NPP <= NP_XI x NP_ETA)
- exécution habituelle (mpirun -np etc)

WARNING : grid file as to be called croco_grd.nc (or to be changed in MPI_Setup.F)

